

## حسابان

دبيرستان روزبه ۲

موضوع: پاسخ تشریحی مثلثات (سری دوم)

نام:

اردوی نوروزی ۱۳۹۹

پایه یازدهم / ۷

نام خانوادگی:

-۱

$$P \sin x = \sin x \cos x \cos 2x \cos 4x \cos 8x \cos 16x$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x \cos 2x \cos 4x \cos 8x \cos 16x$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sin 4x \cos 4x \cos 8x \cos 16x$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \sin 8x \cos 8x \cos 16x$$

$$= \frac{1}{16} \sin 16x \cos 16x = \frac{1}{32} \sin 32x$$

$$x = \frac{\pi}{96} \Rightarrow P = \frac{1}{32} \sin \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{64}$$

۲- الف)

$$\begin{aligned} (\cos 75^\circ - \frac{1}{\sin 75^\circ})(\sin 75^\circ - \frac{1}{\cos 75^\circ}) &= (\frac{\cos 75^\circ \sin 75^\circ - 1}{\sin 75^\circ})(\frac{\sin 75^\circ \cos 75^\circ - 1}{\cos 75^\circ}) \\ &= \frac{(\frac{1}{2} \sin 150^\circ - 1)(\frac{1}{2} \sin 150^\circ - 1)}{\sin 75^\circ \cos 75^\circ} = \frac{(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} - 1)(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} - 1)}{\frac{1}{2} \sin 150^\circ} = \frac{(-\frac{3}{4})(-\frac{3}{4})}{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{9}{4} \end{aligned}$$

ب)

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \frac{3\pi}{8} &= \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{8}) = \sin \frac{\pi}{8} & \cos \frac{5\pi}{8} &= \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{8}) = -\sin \frac{\pi}{8} & \cos \frac{7\pi}{8} &= \cos(\pi - \frac{\pi}{8}) = -\cos \frac{\pi}{8} \\ (1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{8})(1 + \cos \frac{3\pi}{8})(1 + \cos \frac{5\pi}{8})(1 + \cos \frac{7\pi}{8}) &= (1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{8})(1 + \sin \frac{\pi}{8})(1 - \sin \frac{\pi}{8})(1 - \cos \frac{\pi}{8}) \\ &= (1 - \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8})(1 - \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{8}) = 1 - (\sin^2 \frac{\pi}{8} + \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8}) + \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{8} \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{1}{4} \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8} \end{aligned}$$

۳- می دانیم که  $\frac{2 \tan x}{1 + \tan^2 x} = \sin 2x$  و  $\frac{1 - \tan^2 x}{1 + \tan^2 x} = \cos 2x$  پس:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2 \tan x}{1 + \tan^2 x} \times \frac{1 - \tan^2 x}{1 + \tan^2 x} = \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x \cos 2x = \frac{1}{4} \sin 4x$$

$$f(\frac{\pi}{24}) = \frac{1}{4} \sin \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{1}{8}$$

-۴ در رابطه  $\frac{1 - \tan^2 x}{1 + \tan^2 x} = \cos 2x$  قرار می دهیم  $x = \frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha$  داریم:

$$\frac{1 - \tan^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha\right)}{1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha\right)} = \cos 2\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - 2\alpha\right) = \sin 2\alpha$$

$$\frac{\pi}{6} \leq \alpha \leq \frac{\pi}{3} \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3} \leq 2\alpha \leq \frac{2\pi}{3} \xrightarrow{\text{با توجه به دایره مثلثاتی}} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \leq \sin 2\alpha \leq 1$$

پس بیشترین مقدار عبارت داده شده برابر ۱ است.

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$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{1}{\tan^2 x} + \frac{1}{\cot^2 x} = 9 &\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} = 9 \\ \Rightarrow \frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} + \frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} = 9 &\Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} + \frac{(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)^2 - 2\sin^2 x \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} = 9 \\ \Rightarrow \frac{1 + 1 - 2\sin^2 x \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x \cos^2 x} = 9 &\Rightarrow 2 - 2\sin^2 x \cos^2 x = 9\sin^2 x \cos^2 x \Rightarrow \sin^2 x \cos^2 x = \frac{2}{9} \\ \Rightarrow 4\sin^2 x \cos^2 x = \frac{4}{9} &\Rightarrow \sin^2 2x = \frac{4}{9} \end{aligned}$$